CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

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- 1. A power conversion apparatus for a non-linear load, comprising:
- a pair of input terminals for connection to a DC voltage source;
- a first and a second capacitor connected in series coupled to said pair of input terminals;
- a first and a second diode coupled in parallel with said first and second capacitors respectively such that the diodes are reverse biased under said DC voltage source;
 - an inductor coupled to a first node connecting said capacitors and diodes;
- a transformer comprising at least one primary winding and two secondary windings, said transformer having its primary winding coupled to said inductor and its secondary windings coupled in series at a second node, said secondary windings being constructed in a way to produce voltages with opposite polarities with respect to said second node coupling these two windings;
- a third terminal coupled to said primary winding of said transformer, for connection to a pulsating voltage source, such voltage source charging or discharging said first and second capacitors within one pulsating cycle; and
 - a non-linear load coupled to said secondary windings for electrical power.
 - 2. A power conversion apparatus for a non-linear load, comprising:
 - a pair of input terminals for connection to a DC voltage source;
- a first and a second capacitor connected in series coupled to said pair of input terminals;
- a first and a second diode coupled in parallel with said first and second capacitors respectively such that the diodes are reverse biased under said DC voltage source;
 - a first node connecting said capacitors and diodes;
- a transformer comprising at least one primary winding and two secondary windings, said transformer having its primary winding coupled to said first node and its secondary windings coupled in series at a second node, said secondary windings being constructed in a way to produce voltages with opposite polarities with respect to said second node coupling these two windings;

a third terminal coupled to said primary winding of said transformer, for connection to a pulsating voltage source, such voltage source charging or discharging said first and second capacitors within one pulsating cycle; and

a non-linear load coupled to said secondary windings for electrical power.

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- 3. A power conversion apparatus for a non-linear load, comprising:
- a pair of input terminals for connection to a DC voltage source;
- a first and a second diode connected in series and coupled to said DC voltage source such that each diode is reverse biased under said DC voltage source;
 - a first capacitor connected in parallel to either of the said diodes;
 - an inductor coupled to a first node connecting said diodes;
- a transformer comprising at least one primary winding and two secondary windings, said transformer having its primary winding coupled to said inductor and its secondary windings coupled in series at a second node, said secondary windings being constructed in a way to produce voltages with opposite polarities with respect to said second node coupling these two windings;
- a third terminal coupled to said primary winding of said transformer, for connection to a pulsating voltage source, such voltage source charging or discharging said first and second capacitors within one pulsating cycle; and
 - a non-linear load coupled to said secondary windings for electrical power.

4. The apparatus according to claim 1 further comprising means to couple said

node joining said transformer secondary windings to one of the said input terminals.

5. The apparatus according to claim 2 further comprising means to couple said node joining said transformer secondary windings to one of the said input terminals.

6. The apparatus according to claim 3 further comprising means to couple said node joining said transformer secondary windings to one of the said input terminals.

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7. The apparatus according to claim 1 having a discharge lamp as said non-linear load, further comprising a capacitor at said lamp load terminals to facilitate lamp operations.

- 8. The apparatus according to claim 2 having a discharge lamp as said non-linear load, further comprising a capacitor at said lamp load terminals to facilitate lamp operations.
- 5 9. The apparatus according to claim 3 having a discharge lamp as said non-linear load, further comprising a capacitor at said lamp load terminals to facilitate lamp operations.
- 10. The apparatus according to claim 1 having a discharge lamp as said nonlinear load, further comprising:

two series capacitors at said lamp load terminals to facilitate lamp operations; a node coupling said two series capacitors; and means to couple said node to one of said input terminals.

15 11. The apparatus according to claim 2 having a discharge lamp as said non-linear load, further comprising:

two series capacitors at said lamp load terminals to facilitate lamp operations; a node coupling said two series capacitors; and means to couple said node to one of said input terminals.

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12. The apparatus according to claim 3 having a discharge lamp as said non-linear load, further comprising:

two series capacitors at said lamp load terminals to facilitate lamp operations; a node coupling said two series capacitors; and means to couple said node to one of said input terminals.

- - 13. The apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising:
 means for controlling the frequency of said pulsating voltage source coupled to said
 third terminal for control of output power.

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14. The apparatus according to claim 2, further comprising:

means for controlling the frequency of said pulsating voltage source coupled to said third terminal for control of output power.

15. The apparatus according to claim 3, further comprising:

means for controlling the frequency of said pulsating voltage source coupled to said third terminal for control of output power.

16. A power conversion apparatus, comprising:

a rectifier module for connection to an AC source and having a pair of output terminals which deliver a direct current;

a pair of series switches coupled to said pair of rectifier module output terminals for acceptance of said direct current, switching of said switches produces a pulsating DC source at a first node;

means for coupling said first node with pulsating DC to the third terminals in the apparatus according to claim 1; and

means for coupling the output terminals of said rectifier module to the input terminals in the apparatus according to claim 1.

17. A power conversion apparatus, comprising:

a rectifier module for connection to an AC source and having a pair of output terminals which deliver a direct current;

a pair of series switches coupled to said pair of rectifier module output terminals for acceptance of said direct current, switching of said switches produces a pulsating DC source at a first node:

means for coupling said first node with pulsating DC to the third terminals in the apparatus according to claim 2; and

means for coupling the output terminals of said rectifier module to the input terminals in the apparatus according to claim 2.

18. A power conversion apparatus, comprising:

a rectifier module for connection to an AC source and having a pair of output terminals which deliver a direct current;

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a pair of series switches coupled to said pair of rectifier module output terminals for acceptance of said direct current, switching of said switches produces a pulsating DC source at a first node;

means for coupling said first node with pulsating DC to the third terminals in the apparatus according to claim 3; and

means for coupling the output terminals of said rectifier module to the input terminals in the apparatus according to claim 3.

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